LOYOLA-INTERNATIONAL ACADEMIC COLLABORATION LOYOLA COLLEGE CHENNAI – 600 034

BBA-FRANCE - END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

FIRST SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2024



BBAFR 137 - MACROECONOMICS

	e: 12-11-2024	ept. No.	Max. Mark	s: 100
		Part A		
1.	Choose the best answer:		$(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks})$	
	a) Macroeconomics is the study of			
	i) economic variables	ii) aggregates	iii) functions	iv) equations
	b) Health, education, Communication measures			<u>.</u>
	i) economic growth	ii) economic development	iii) Equilibrium	iv) poverty
	c) When the price of raw n	crease in price level is	ease in price level is called as	
		,		
	i) Demand Pull	ii) Cost Push	iii) Demand Push	iv) Cost Pull
	d) Exchange of Commodity for Commodity is known as			_·
	i) Battle market	ii) Barter market		
	iii) functional market	iv) Product market		
	e) GST is a	tax.		
	i) Direct	ii) Indirect	iii) constant	iv) Temporary
		Part B		
2.	Answer all the questions in a	$(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks})$		
	a) National Income			
	b) Inflation			
	c) Objectives of Monetary Policy			
	d) Floating Exchange Rate			
	e) Full Employment			

Part C

Answer any THREE of the following not exceeding 150 words each:

 $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

- 3. Explain the various concepts of National Income.
- 4. Differentiate between Developing countries and Developed countries.
- 5. Describe the various types of Inflation.
- 6. Explain the relationship between Unemployment and Inflation.
- 7. Briefly explain Rostow's Theory of Growth
- 8. Explain the various expenditures of the Government.

Part D

Answer any FOUR of the following not exceeding 250 words each:

(4x 15 = 60 Marks)

- 9. Give in detail the various methods of calculating national income and the difficulties encountered while calculating the national income.
- 10. Elaborate the various indicators of Economic Growth and Economic Development.
- 11. Elucidate the causes and remedies of Inflation.
- 12. Give your arguments for and against Fixed exchange rate.
- 13. Describe the various instruments of Monetary policy.
- 14. Globalisation destructs the Economic growth of a developing country (India)- Give your comments and justify
